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INCONCLUSIVE. *adj.* [*in* and *conclusivus*, Latin.] Inferring no consequence.

The depositions of witnesses themselves, as being false, various, contrariant, single, *inconclusive*. *Ayliffe's Parergon.*

INCONCLUSIVE. *adj.* [*in* and *conclusivus*.] Not enforcing any determination of the mind; not exhibiting cogent evidence.

INCONCLUSIVELY. *adv.* [from *inconclusivus*.] Without any such evidence as determines the understanding.

INCONCLUSIVENESS. *n. f.* [from *inconclusivus*.] Want of rational cogency.

A man, unskilful in syllogism, at first hearing, could perceive the weakness and *inconclusiveness* of a long, artificial, and plausible discourse, wherewith some others, better skilled in syllogism, have been misled. *Locke.*

INCONCOCT. *adj.* [*in* and *concoctus*.] Unripened; immature; **INCONCOCTED**. *not* fully digested.

While the body, to be converted and altered, is too strong for the efficient that should convert it, it is all that while crude and *inconcoct*; and the process is to be called crudity and *inconcoction*. *Bacon's Natural History.*

I understand, remember, and reason better in my riper years than when I was a child, and had my organical parts less digested and *inconcocted*. *Hale's Origin of Mankind.*

INCONCOCTION. *n. f.* [from *inconcoctus*.] The state of being indigested; unripened; immaturity.

The middle action, which produceth such imperfect bodies, is fitly called *inconcoction*, or *inconcoction*, which is a kind of putrefaction. *Bacon's Natural History.*

While the body, to be converted and altered, is too strong for the efficient that should convert it, it is all that while crude and *inconcoct*; and the process is to be called crudity and *inconcoction*. *Bacon's Natural History.*

INCONDITE. *adj.* [*inconditus*, Latin.] Irregular; rude; unpolished.

Now sportive youth
Carol *incondite* rhymes with suiting notes,
And quaver inharmonious. *Philips.*

INCONDITIONAL. *adj.* [*in* and *conditionalis*.] Without exception; without limitation; without stipulation.

From that which is but true in a qualified sense, an *inconditional* and absolute verity is inferred. *Brown's Vulgar Errors.*

INCONDITIONATE. *adj.* [*in* and *condition*.] Not limited; not restrained by any conditions; absolute.

They ascribe to God, in relation to every man, an eternal, unchangeable, and *inconditionate* decree of election or reprobation. *Boyle.*

INCONFORMITY. *n. f.* [*in* and *conformity*.] Incompliance with the practice of others.

We have thought their opinion to be, that utter *inconformity* with the church of Rome was not an extremity wherunto we should be drawn for a time, but the very mediocrity itself, wherein they meant we should ever continue. *Hooker.*

INCONFUSION. *n. f.* [*in* and *confusion*.] Distinctness.

The cause of the confusion in founts, and the *inconfusion* in species visible, is, for that the light worketh in right lines, and so there can be no coincidence in the eye; but founts that move in oblique and arcuate lines, must needs encounter and disturb the one the other. *Bacon.*

INCONGRUENCE. *n. f.* [*in* and *congruentia*.] Unfuitableness; want of adaptation.

Humidity is but relative, and depends upon the congruity or *incongruence* of the component particles of the liquor to the pores of the bodies it touches. *Boyle.*

INCONGRUITY. *n. f.* [*incongruitas*, Fr. from *incongruus*.] 1. Unfuitableness of one thing to another.

The fathers make use of this acknowledgment of the *incongruity* of images to the Deity, from thence to prove the *incongruity* of the worship of them. *Stillingfleet.*

2. Inconsistency; inconsequence; absurdity; impropriety.

To avoid absurdities and *incongruities*, is the same law established for both arts: the painter is not to paint a cloud at the bottom of a picture, nor the poet to place what is proper to the end in the beginning of a poem. *Dryden.*

3. Disagreement of parts; want of symmetry.

She, whom after what form I see, we see,
Is discord and rude *incongruity*;
She, she is dead, she's dead. *Denne.*

INCONGRUOUS. *adj.* [*incongruus*, Fr. *in* and *congruus*.] 1. Unfuitable; not fitting.

Wiser heathens condemned the worship of God as *incongruous* to a divine nature, and a disparagement to the deity. *Stillingfleet.*

2. Inconsistent; absurd.

INCONGRUOUSLY. *adv.* [from *incongruus*.] Improperly; unsuitably.

INCONNECTEDLY. *adv.* [*in* and *connectus*.] Without any connexion or dependence.

Others ascribed hereto, as a cause, what perhaps but casually or *inconnectedly* succeeds. *Brown's Vulgar Errors.*

INCONSCIONABLE. *adj.* [*in* and *conscientia*.] Void of the sense of good and evil; without influence of conscience.

So *inconscient* are these common people, and so little feeling have they of God, or their own souls good. *Spenser.*

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INCONSEQUENCE. *n. f.* [*inconsequence*, Fr. *inconsequence*, Lat.] Inconclusiveness; want of just inference.

This he follows the name of many fallacies upon; and runs on with shewing the *inconsequence* of it, as though he did in earnest believe it were an impertinent answer. *Stillingfleet.*

INCONSEQUENT. *adj.* [*in* and *consequens*, Lat.] Without just conclusion; without regular inference.

The ground he assumes is ungrounded, and his relation from thence deduced *inconsequent*. *Hanew's Logic.*

Men rest not in false apprehensions without absurd and *inconsequent* deductions from fallacious foundations, and misapprehended mediums, erecting conclusions no way inferable from their premises. *Brown's Vulgar Errors.*

INCONSIDERABLE. *adj.* [*in* and *considerabilis*.] Unworthy of notice; unimportant.

No, I am an *inconsiderable* fellow, and know nothing. *Denham's Sisyphus.*

The most *inconsiderable* of creatures may at some time or other come to revenge itself upon the greatest. *Le Sage.*

Casting my eyes upon the ants, continually taken up with a thousand cares, very *inconsiderable* with respect to us, but of the greatest importance for them, they appeared to me worthy of my curiosity. *Adison.*

May not planets and comets perform their motions more freely, and with less resistance, in this ethereal medium than in any fluid, which fills all space adequately without leaving any pores; and by consequence is much denser than quicksilver or gold? And may not its resistance be so small as to be *inconsiderable*? *Newton's Opt.*

If we were under any real fear of the papists, it would be hard to think us so stupid not to be equally apprehensive with others, since we are likely to be the greatest sufferers; but we look upon them to be altogether as *inconsiderable* as the women and children. *Swift.*

Let no sin appear small or *inconsiderable* by which an almighty God is offended, and eternal salvation endangered. *Rogers.*

INCONSIDERABLENESS. *n. f.* [from *inconsiderabilis*.] Small importance.

To those who are thoroughly convinced of the *inconsiderableness* of this short dying life, in comparison of that eternal state which remains for us in another life, the consideration of a future happiness is the most powerful motive. *Tillotson.*

From the consideration of our own imbecilities and *inconsiderableness*, in respect of the greatness and splendour of those glorious heavenly bodies, let us with the holy psalmist raise up our hearts. *Ray on the Creation.*

INCONSIDERATE. *adj.* [*inconsideratus*, Fr. *inconsideratus*, Latin.] 1. Careless; thoughtless; negligent; inattentive; inadvertent.

When thy *inconsiderate* hand
Flings ope this sacrament, with my trembling name,
I then think this name alive, and that thou thus
In it offend'st my genius. *Donne.*

If you lament it,
That which now looks like justice, will be thought
An *inconsiderate* rashness. *Denham's Sisyphus.*

It is a very unhappy token of our corruption, that we should be any so *inconsiderate* among us as to sacrifice morality to politics. *Adison's Spectator.*

2. Wanting due regard.

He who laid down his life for the redemption of the transgressions, which were under the first Testament, cannot be so *inconsiderate* of our frailties. *Deacy of Pity.*

INCONSIDERATELY. *adv.* [from *inconsideratus*.] Negligently; thoughtlessly; inattentively.

The king, transported with just wrath, *inconsiderately* fighting and precipitating the charge, before his whole numbers came up, was slain in the pursuit. *Bacon.*

Joseph was delighted with Mariamne's conversation, and endeavoured with all his art to set out the excess of Herod's passion for her; but when he still found her cold and incredulous, he *inconsiderately* told her the private orders he left behind. *Adison's Spectator.*

INCONSIDERATENESS. *n. f.* [from *inconsideratus*.] Carelessness; thoughtlessness; negligence; want of thought; inadvertence; inattention.

If men do know and believe that there is such a being as God, not to demean ourselves towards him, as becomes our relation to him, is great stupidity and *inconsiderateness*. *Tillotson.*

INCONSIDERATION. *n. f.* [from *inconsideratus*.] Negligence; want of thought; inattention; inadvertence.

S. Gregory reckons uncleanness to be the parent of blindness of mind, *inconsideration*, precipitancy or giddiness in actions, and self-love. *Taylor.*

INCONSISTING. *adj.* [*in* and *consistens*.] Not consistent; incompatible with.

The persons and actions of a farce are all unnatural, and the manners false; that is, *inconsistent* with the characters of mankind. *Dryden's Duffessy.*

INCONSISTENCE. *n. f.* [from *inconsistent*.] 1. Such opposition as that one proposition infers the negation of the other; such contrariety that both cannot be together. *Here*

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There is a perfect *inconsistency* between that which is of debt, and that which is of free gift. *South's Sermons.*

2. Absurdity in argument or narration; argument or narrative where one part destroys the other; self-contradiction.

3. Incongruity.

Mutability of temper, and *inconsistency* with ourselves, is the greatest weakness of human nature. *Adison.*

If a man would register all his opinions upon love, politics, religion and learning, what a bundle of *inconsistencies* and contradictions would appear at last? *Swift.*

4. Unsteadiness; changeableness.

INCONSISTENT. *adj.* [*in* and *consistens*.] 1. Incompatible; not suitable; incongruous.

Finding no kind of compliance, but sharp protestations against the demands, as *inconsistent* with conscience, justice, or religion, the conference broke off. *Clarendon.*

Compositions of this nature, when thus restrained, shew that wisdom and virtue are far from being *inconsistent* with politeness and good humour. *Adison's Spectator.*

2. Contrary, so as that one infers the negation or destruction of the other.

The idea of an infinite space or duration is very obscure and confused, because it is made up of two parts very different, if not *inconsistent*. *Locke.*

3. Absurd; having parts of which one destroys the other.

INCONSISTENTLY. *adv.* [from *inconsistent*.] Absurdly; incongruously; with self-contradiction.

INCONSOLABLE. *adj.* [*inconsolabilis*, Fr. *in* and *consolare*.] Not to be comforted; sorrowful beyond susceptibility of comfort.

Her women will represent to me that she is *inconsolable*, by reason of my unkindness. *Adison.*

They take pleasure in an obdurate grief, in rendering themselves *inconsolable*. *Fiddes's Sermons.*

INCONSONANCY. *n. f.* [*in* and *consonantia*.] Disagreement with itself.

INCONSPICUOUS. *adj.* [*in* and *conspicuus*.] Indiscernible; not perceptible by the light.

When an excellent experimenter had taken pains in accurately filling up a tube of mercury, we found that yet there remained store of *inconspicuous* bubbles. *Boyle.*

INCONSTANCY. *n. f.* [*inconstantia*, Lat. *inconstans*, Fr. from *inconstans*.] Unsteadiness; want of steady adherence; mutability of temper or affection.

I have suffered more for their fakes, more than the villainous *inconstancy* of man is able to bear. *Shak. Mer. Wives of Windsor.*

Be made the mark

For all the people's hate, the prince's curses,
And his son's rage, or the old king's *inconstancy*. *Denham.*

Irresolution on the schemes of life which offer to our choice, and *inconstancy* in pursuing them, are the greatest causes of all our unhappiness. *Adison's Spectator.*

As much *inconstancy* and confusion is there in their mixtures or combinations; for it is rare to find any of them pure and unmixed. *Ward's Natural History.*

INCONSTANT. *adj.* [*inconstant*, Fr. *inconstans*, Latin.] 1. Not firm in resolution; not steady in affection; various of inclination; wanting perseverance.

He is so naturally *inconstant*, that I marvel his soul finds not some way to kill his body. *Sidney.*

2. Changeable; mutable; variable.

O swear not by the moon, th' *inconstant* moon,
That monthly changes in her circled orb,
Lest that thy love prove likewise variable. *Shakespeare.*

By arts were weaved napkins, shirts, and coats, *inconsumable* by fire, and wherein they burnt the bodies of kings. *Brown.*

INCONSUMPTIBLE. *adj.* [*in* and *consumptus*, Lat.] Not to be spent; not to be brought to an end; not to be destroyed by fire. This seems a more elegant word than *inconsumable*.

Before I give any answer to this objection of pretended *inconsumptible* lights, I would gladly see the effect undoubtedly proved. *Digby on Eddies.*

INCONTESABLE. *adj.* [*incontesabilis*, Fr. *in* and *contabilis*.] Not to be disputed; not admitting debate; uncontrovertible.

Our own being furnishes us with an evident and *incontesable* proof of a Deity; and I believe no body can avoid the cogency of it, who will carefully attend to it. *Locke.*

INCONTESABLY. *adv.* [from *incontesabilis*.] Indisputably; uncontrovertibly.

INCONTIGUOUS. *adj.* [*in* and *contiguus*.] Not touching each other; not joined together.

They seemed part of small bracelets, consisting of equally little *incontiguous* beads. *Boyle.*

INCONTINENCE. *n. f.* [*incontinentia*, Lat. *in* and *continentia*.] 1. Inability to restrain the appetites; unchastity.

The cognizance of her *incontinency*

Is this; she hath bought the name of whore thus dearly. *Sh.*

But beauty, like the fair Hesperian tree,
Laden with blooming gold, had need the guard
Of dragon-watch with uncharmed eye,
To save her blossoms, and defend her fruit
From the ruff hand of bold *incontinence*. *Milton.*

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This is my defence;

I pleas'd myself, I shunn'd *incontinent* news;
And urg'd by strong desires, indulg'd my sense. *Dryden.*

The words *incontinent* agree better with Livia, who had the fame of chastity, than with either of the Julia's, who were both noted of *incontinency*.

INCONTINENT. *adj.* [*incontinentis*, Lat. *in* and *continentis*.] 1. Unchaste; indulging unlawful pleasure.

In these degrees have they made a pair of stairs to marriage, which they will climb *incontinent*, or else be *incontinent* before marriage. *Shak. As you like it.*

Men shall be lovers of their own selves, false accusers, *incontinent*, fierce. *2 Tim. iii. 3.*

2. Shunning delay; immediate. This is a meaning now obsolete.

They ran towards the far rebounded noise,
To meet what might so loudly did lament;
Unto the place they came *incontinent*. *Fairy Queen.*

Come, mourn with me for what I do lament,
And put on fullen black *incontinent*. *Shak. Rich. II.*

He says he will return *incontinent*. *Shak. Othello.*

INCONTINENTLY. *adv.* [from *incontinent*.] 1. Unchastely; without restraint of the appetites. *Spenser.*

2. Immediately; at once. An obsolete sense.

The cause of this war is no other than that we will not *incontinently* submit ourselves to our neighbours. *Hayward.*

Incontinently I left Madrid, and have been dogged and waylaid through several nations. *Arbutnot and Pope.*

INCONTROVERTIBLE. *adj.* [*in* and *controvertibilis*.] Indisputable; not to be disputed.

INCONTROVERTIBLY. *adv.* [from *incontroversibilis*.] To a degree beyond controversy or dispute.

The Hebrew is *incontroversibly* the primitive and surest test to rely upon; and to preserve the same uncorrupt, there hath been used the highest caution humanity could invent. *Brown.*

INCONVENIENCE. *n. f.* [*inconvenient*, French.] 1. Unfitness; inexpedience.

They plead against the *inconvenience*, not the unlawfulness of popish apparel; and against the *inconvenience*, not the unlawfulness of ceremonies in burial. *Locke.*

2. Disadvantage; cause of uneasiness; difficulty.

There is a place upon the top of mount Athos above all clouds of rain, or other *inconvenience*. *Raleigh's History.*

Man is liable to a great many *inconveniences* every moment, and is continually unsecure even of life itself. *Tillotson.*

The *inconvenience* of old age makes him incapable of corporal pleasures. *Dr. den.*

Would not quickness of sensation be an *inconvenience* to an animal, that must lie still where chance has once placed it? *Locke.*

Consider the disproportion between the worst *inconveniences* that attend incompliance with men, and the eternal displeasure of God. *Rogers.*

We are freed from many *inconveniences*, and we enjoy several advantages. *Atterbury.*

The things of another world, being distant, operate but faintly upon us: to remedy this *inconvenience*, we must frequently revolve their certainty and importance. *Atterbury.*

INCONVENIENT. *adj.* [*inconvenient*, Fr. *in* and *conveniens*, Lat.] 1. Incommodious; disadvantageous.

They delight rather to lean to their old customs, though they be more unjust, and more *inconvenient* for the common people. *Spenser in Ireland.*

We are not to look that the church should change her public laws, although it chance that for some particular men the same be found *inconvenient*, especially when there may be other remedy against particular inconveniences. *Hayker.*

He knows that to be *inconvenient*, which we falsely think convenient for us. *Snarbridge's Sermons.*

2. Unfit; inexpedient.

INCONVENIENTLY. *adv.* [from *inconvenient*.] 1. Unfitly; incommodiously.

2. Unseasonably. *Ainsworth.*

INCONVERSABLE. *adj.* [*in* and *conversabilis*.] Incommunicative; ill qualified by temper for conversation; unsocial.

He is a person very *inconversable*. *Mre.*

INCONVERTIBLE. *adj.* [*in* and *convertibilis*.] Not transmutable; incapable of change.

It entereth not the veins, but taketh leave of the permeant parts, and accompanieth the *inconvertible* portion unto the siege. *Brown's Vulgar Errors.*

INCONVINCEABLE. *adj.* [*in* and *convincibilis*.] Not to be convinced; not capable of conviction.

INCONVINCEABLY. *adv.* [from *inconvincibilis*.] Without admitting conviction.

It is injurious unto knowledge obstinately and *inconvincibly* to side with any one. *Brown's Vulgar Errors.*

INCONVINCIBLY. *adv.* [perhaps from *in* and *convincere*, to know.] 1. Unlearned; artless.

2. In Scotland it denotes mischievously unlucky: as, he's an *inconvin* fellow. This seems to be the meaning in *Shakespeare*